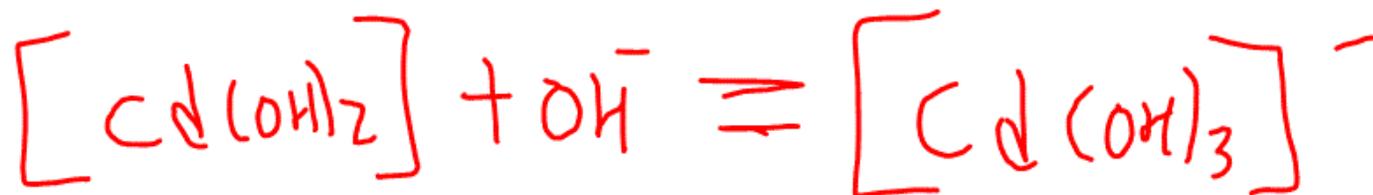
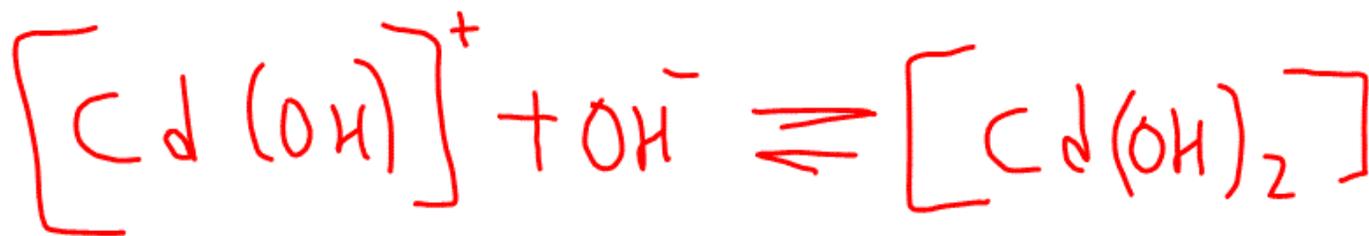


## Clase 11 4 diciembre 2020

Título de la nota

04/12/2020





$$K_F = 10^{13.6}$$

$$K_S = 10^{-13.6}$$

$$4s^3 = K_S$$

$$s = \sqrt[3]{\frac{K_S}{4}}$$

pH inicio de pp.  $[Cd^{+2}] = 10^{-2}$

$$K_s = [Cd^{+2}] [OH^-]^2$$

$$10^{-13.6} = [Cd^{+2}] [OH^-]^2$$

$$[OH^-] = \sqrt{\frac{10^{-13.6}}{[Cd^{+2}]}} = \sqrt{\frac{10^{-13.6}}{10^{-2}}}$$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-11.6/2} = 10^{-5.8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{pH} &= 14 + \log [\text{OH}^-] \\
 &= 14 + \log 10^{-5.8} \\
 &= 14 - 5.8 = 8.2
 \end{aligned}$$

**DATOS**

**PORTADA**

Instrucción: llene los valores en las celdas de color amarillo  
En las celdas de color verde aparecen los resultados

Cation	Concentración	pH=	6
$\text{Ca}^{2+}$	0.01		

KM	$K_f$	$\text{pK}_s$
$\text{Ca-AEDTA}$	$3.56228 \times 16$	Naranja de Kilenol $1.2589 \times 17$
		Azul de Metilimol $1 \times 19$

Ligante	$\text{pK}_1$	$\text{pK}_2$	$\text{pK}_3$	$\text{pK}_4$	$\text{pK}_5$	$\text{pK}_6$
AEDTA	0.00	1.50	2.00	2.65	6.25	10.35
	$\beta_1$	$\beta_2$	$\beta_3$	$\beta_4$	$\beta_5$	$\beta_6$
AEDTA	$1.2387 \times 10$	$3.9811 \times 16$	$1.7783 \times 19$	$1.7783 \times 21$	$5.6234 \times 22$	$5.6234 \times 22$
$\text{CaOH}_2$	$1.9953 \times 04$	$5.0119 \times 07$	$1.9953 \times 10$	$1.0000 \times 12$		

Indicador	$\text{pK}_1$	$\text{pK}_2$	$\text{pK}_3$	$\text{pK}_4$	$\text{pK}_5$
Naranja de Kilenol	2.60	3.30	6.40	10.50	12.30
Azul de metilimol	-30.00	4.50	7.20	11.50	13.40

Nota si tiene un solo valor de pKa llene la celda de pKa5 y en las demás celdas incluya valores negativos

**pH de inicio de precipitación**



pH

$K_{sp}$	$[\text{Ca}^{2+}]$	$[\text{OH}^-]^2$	=	$2.5119 \times 14$
$[\text{OH}^-]^2$	-	$[\text{Ca}^{2+}]$	=	$2.5119 \times 14$
$[\text{OH}^-]$	=			$1.5842 \times 06$

Reacción secundaria  $\text{pH} = 8$

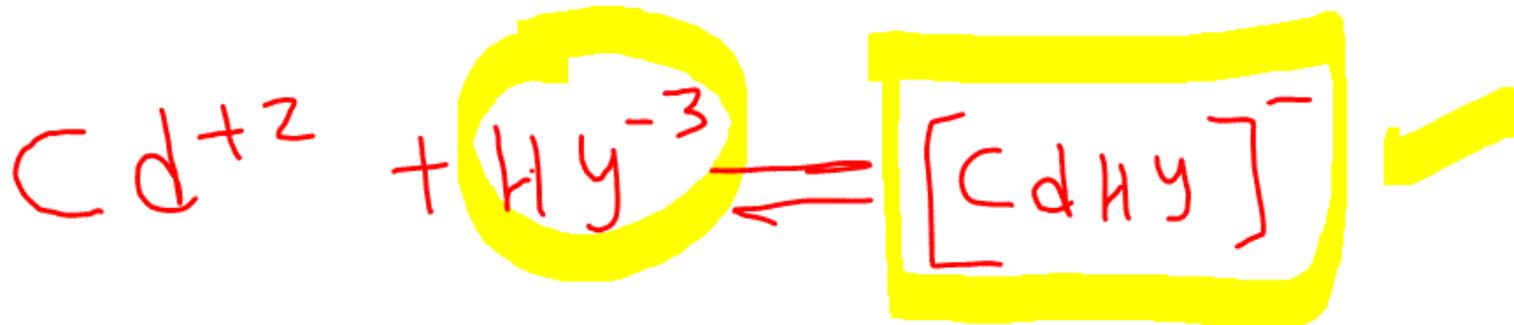
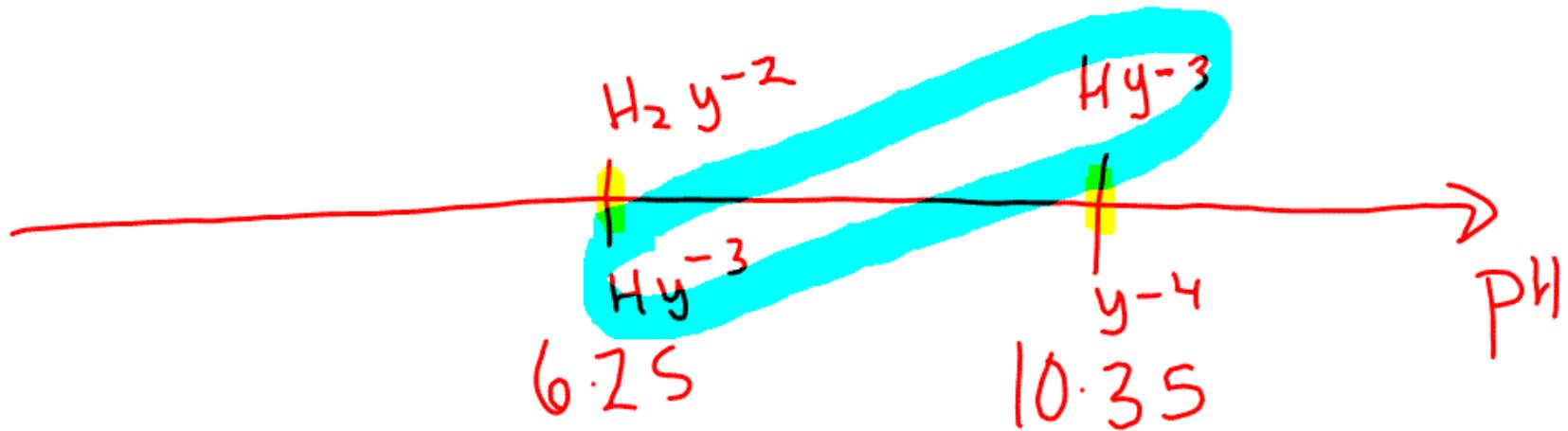
$$\alpha_{\text{Cd}(\text{OH}^-)} = 1 + \beta_1 [\text{OH}^-] + \beta_2 [\text{OH}^-]^2 + \beta_3 [\text{OH}^-]^3 + \beta_4 [\text{OH}^-]^4$$

$$[\text{OH}^-] = 10^-$$

=

			$\beta_1$	$[\text{OH}^-]$		$\beta_2$	$[\text{OH}^-]^2$		$\beta_3$	$[\text{OH}^-]^3$		$\beta_4$	$[\text{OH}^-]^4$		$\beta_5$	$[\text{OH}^-]^5$		$\beta_6$	$[\text{OH}^-]^6$	
$\alpha_{\text{Cd}(\text{OH}^-)}$	=	1	+	19952.6231	1.00E-06	+	50118723.36	1.00E-12	+	19952623150	1E-18	+	1E+12	1E-24	+	0	1E-24	+	0	1E-24
$\alpha_{\text{Cd}(\text{OH}^-)}$	=	1	+	0.01995262		+	5.01187E-05		+	1.99526E-08		+	1E-12		+	0		+	0	
$\alpha_{\text{Cd}(\text{OH}^-)}$	=	1.020002762																		
		LOG	=	0.00860135																

$$\alpha_y(\text{H}_3\text{O}^+) = 1 + \beta_1 [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] + \beta_2 [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^2 + \beta_3 [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^3 + \beta_4 [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^4 + \beta_5 [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^5 + \beta_6 [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^6$$



pH = 8		$\beta_1 [H_3O^+]$		$\beta_2 [H_3O^+]^2$		$\beta_3 [H_3O^+]^3$		$\beta_4 [H_3O^+]^4$		$\beta_5 [H_3O^+]^5$		$\beta_6 [H_3O^+]^6$								
$\alpha_1 [H_3O^+]$	=	1	+	2.2387E+10	1E-08	+	3.98107E+16	1E-16	+	2.23872E+19	1E-24	+	2.23872E+21	1E-32	+	7.07946E+22	1E-40	+	7.07946E+22	1E-48
$\alpha_2 [H_3O^+]$	=	1	+	223.872114		+	3.981071706		+	2.23872E-05		+	2.23872E-11		+	7.07946E-18		+	7.07946E-26	
$\alpha_3 [H_3O^+]$	=	228.8532078																		
		LOG	=	2.35955																

$$\alpha_3 (H_3O^+) = 228.85$$

$$= 10^{2.3595}$$

$$K_F C_d(y) = 10^{16.5}$$

$$K_F' = \frac{K_F}{\alpha_{y(H_3O^+)} \alpha_{cd(OH^-)}}$$

$$= \frac{10^{16.5}}{10^{2.3595} \cdot 10^{0.0086}} = 10^{14.1318}$$

				Cantidad	
K'ML=	3.16228E+16	=	1.355E+14	ε=	8.5917E-07
	233.4309042			%Q=	99.9999141
			LOG		CUANTITATIVO
			=		
			14.131842		

$$K_F' = \frac{\cancel{C_0}}{\epsilon C_0 \cancel{\epsilon C_0}}$$

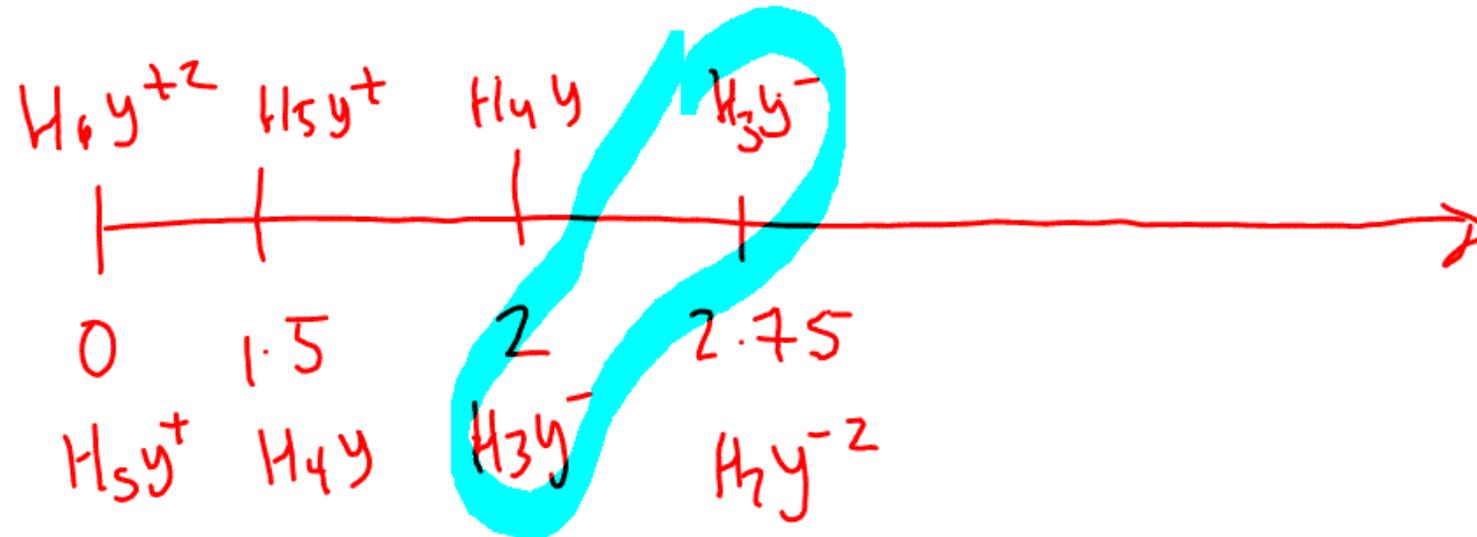
$$\epsilon = \sqrt{\frac{1}{K_F' C_0}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{10 \frac{141318 - 2}{10}}}$$

$$\epsilon = 10^{-12 \cdot 1318 / 2} = 10^{-6.065}$$

$$\therefore Q = (1 - \epsilon) 100 = 99.99994\%$$

Perfil de pH (sin amortiguador)		Cd+2		0,01		PORTADA											
pH2	=	0															
$\alpha_{[H_3O^+]}$	=	1	$\beta_1$	$[H_3O^+]$	$\beta_2$	$[H_3O^+]^2$	$\beta_3$	$[H_3O^+]^3$	$\beta_4$	$[H_3O^+]^4$	$\beta_5$	$[H_3O^+]^5$	$\beta_6$	$[H_3O^+]^6$			
$\alpha_{[H_3O^+]}$	=	1	$2,2387E+10$	1	$3,98107E+16$	1	$2,23872E+19$	1	$2,23872E+21$	1	$7,07946E+22$	1	$7,07946E+22$	1			
$\alpha_{[H_3O^+]}$	=	$1,4385E+23$															
	LOG	=	$23,1579108$														
$\alpha_{Cd(OH)}$	=	1	$\beta_1$	$[OH]$	$\beta_2$	$[OH]^2$	$\beta_3$	$[OH]^3$	$\beta_4$	$[OH]^4$	$\beta_5$	$[OH]^5$	$\beta_6$	$[OH]^6$			
$\alpha_{Cd(OH)}$	=	1	$1,99526231$	$1,00E-14$	$5,01187233E$	$1,00E-28$	$1,995262315E$	$1E-42$	$1E+12$	$1E-56$	0	$1E-56$	0	$1E-56$			
$\alpha_{Cd(OH)}$	=	$1,00E+00$															
	LOG	=	$8,4653E-13$														
Cantidad																	
K'ML	=	$3,16228E+10$	$2,198E-07$	E=	$21328,2584$												
	=	$1,4385E+23$	LOG	=	$23,132725,84$	NO CUANTITATIVO											

$Cd^{+2} + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Cd(OH)^+ + H_3O^+$  no Rx.



Perfil de pH (sin amortiguador)

Cd+2 0.01

PORTADA

pH=	2
-----	---

$\alpha_{[H_3O^+]}$	=	1	+	$\beta_1 [H_3O^+]$	+	$\beta_2 [H_3O^+]^2$	+	$\beta_3 [H_3O^+]^3$	+	$\beta_4 [H_3O^+]^4$	+	$\beta_5 [H_3O^+]^5$	+	$\beta_6 [H_3O^+]^6$
$\alpha_{[H_3O^+]}$	=	1	+	2.2387E+10 0.01	+	3.98107E+16 0.0001	+	2.23872E+19 0.000001	+	2.23872E+21 1E-08	+	7.07946E+22 1E-10	+	7.07946E+22 1E-12
$\alpha_{[H_3O^+]}$	=	5.5906E+13	LOG	=	13.7474582									

$\alpha_{Cd(OH)}$	=	1	+	$\beta_1 [OH^-]$	+	$\beta_2 [OH^-]^2$	+	$\beta_3 [OH^-]^3$	+	$\beta_4 [OH^-]^4$	+	$\beta_5 [OH^-]^5$	+	$\beta_6 [OH^-]^6$
$\alpha_{Cd(OH)}$	=	1	+	1.99526231 1.00E-12	+	5.011872336 1.00E-24	+	1.9952623150 1E-36	+	1E+12 1E-48	+	0 1E-60	+	0 1E-72
$\alpha_{Cd(OH)}$	=	1.00E+00	LOG	=	8.6653E-09									

Cantidad

K <sup>ML</sup> =	3.16228E+16	*	565.64219	LOG	=	2.7525418
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ε=	0.42046427
%Q=	57.9535728 NO CUANTITATIVO

Taleng: JUAN CARLOS VAZQUE...

**Perfil de pH (sin amortiguador)**      Cd+2    0.01      **PORTADA**

pH= 4

		$\beta_1$	$[H_3O^+]$	$\beta_2$	$[H_3O^+]^2$	$\beta_3$	$[H_3O^+]^3$	$\beta_4$	$[H_3O^+]^4$	$\beta_5$	$[H_3O^+]^5$	$\beta_6$	$[H_3O^+]^6$	
$\alpha_L[H_3O^+]$	=	1	+ 2.2387E+10	0.0001	+ 3.98107E+16	0.00000001	+ 2.23872E+19	1E-12	+ 2.23872E+21	1E-16	+ 7.07946E+22	1E-20	+ 7.07946E+22	1E-20
$\alpha_L[H_3O^+]$	=	1	+ 2238721.14		+ 398107170.6		+ 22387211.39		+ 223872.1139		+ 707.9457844		+ 0.070794578	
$\alpha_L[H_3O^+]$	=	422957684.1												
	LOG													= 8.62629692

		$\beta_1$	$[OH^-]$	$\beta_2$	$[OH^-]^2$	$\beta_3$	$[OH^-]^3$	$\beta_4$	$[OH^-]^4$	$\beta_5$	$[OH^-]^5$	$\beta_6$	$[OH^-]^6$	
$\alpha_{Cd}[OH^-]$	=	1	+ 19952.6231	1.00E-10	+ 50118723.36	1.00E-20	+ 19952623150	1E-30	+ 1E+12	1E-40	+ 0	1E-40	+ 0	1E-40
$\alpha_{Cd}[OH^-]$	=	1	+ 2.00E-06		+ 5.01187E-13		+ 1.99526E-20		+ 1E-28		+ 0		+ 0	
$\alpha_{Cd}[OH^-]$	=	1.00E+00												
	LOG													= 8.6653E-07

**Quantitividad**

K'ML=	3.16228E+16	=	74765667
	422958528.1		
		LOG	= 7.8737022

$\xi$ =	0.00115651	
%Q=	99.8843491	<b>NO CANTITATIVO</b>



pH	8	Catión	Concentración [M]	PORTADA	Color del indicador por efecto del pH		
		Ca+2	0.01	CUANTITATIVO	amarillo	6.4	rojo

INDICADOR		1	% ERROR
X	pCd	APE	DPE
0	2.0086	4.008601348	12.14044
			→ 8.0745

K <sub>1</sub> Mnd?	1.26E+17	=	1.9E+10
	6617798		
LOG		=	10.27929

Naranja de Xilenol

$\alpha_{ind}[H_3O^+]$	=	1	+	$1.9953E+12$	$1E-08$	+	$6.3096E+22$	$1E-16$	+	$1.5849E+29$	$1E-24$	+	$3.1623E+52$	$1E-32$	+	$1.2589E+95$	$1E-40$
$\alpha_{ind}[H_3O^+]$	=	1	+	19952.623		+	6309573.4		+	1.5849E+05		+	3.1623E+00		+	1.2589E-05	
$\alpha_{ind}[H_3O^+]$	=	6.4880E+06															
LOG		=	6.8121121														

10.279287	±	1	=	Color 1	Color 2
				9.2792865	11.2792865

Graph showing pH vs X TITULANTE. The y-axis is labeled 'pH' and ranges from 0.00 to 16.00. The x-axis is labeled 'X TITULANTE' and ranges from 0.0 to 2.0. The curve shows a sharp increase in pH around X=1.0. Horizontal lines indicate color change points at various pH levels.

1.1. DPE

$$[CdHy]^- = 10^{-2}$$

$$[Hy^{-3}] = 10^{-4}$$

$$K_F' = \frac{[CdHy]^-}{[Cd^{+2}][Hy^{-3}]}$$

$$10^{14.13} = \frac{10^{-2}}{[Cd^{+2}][10^{-4}]}$$

$$[Cd^{+2}]$$

$$[Cd^{+2}] = \frac{[Cd^{+2}]}{\alpha(Cd(OH))}$$

$$[Cd^{+2}] = \frac{10^2}{10^{14.13}} = \frac{10^{-12.13}}{10^{0.0086}} \propto Cd(OH)$$

$$\left[ [Cd^{+2}] = 10^{-12.13086} \right] - \log$$

$$pCd = 12.13$$

PM transición

$$PM = K F'_{cd}(\text{ind}) \pm 1$$

$$K F'_{cd}(\text{ind}) = K F_{cd}(\text{ind})$$

$\propto \text{ind}(\text{H}_3\text{O}^+)$   $\propto \text{cd}(\text{OH}^-)$

Naranja de Xilenol			$\beta_1$	$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]$		$\beta_2$	$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^2$		$\beta_3$	$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^3$		$\beta_4$	$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^4$		$\beta_5$	$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]^5$	
$a_{\text{ind}}(\text{H}_3\text{O}^+)$	=	1	+	1.9953E+12	1E-08	+	6.3096E+22	1E-16	+	1.5849E+29	1E-24	+	3.1623E+32	1E-32	+	1.2589E+35	1E-40
$a_{\text{ind}}(\text{H}_3\text{O}^+)$	=	1	+	19952.623		+	6309573.44		+	1.5849E+05		+	3.1623E+00		+	1.2589E-05	
$a_{\text{ind}}(\text{H}_3\text{O}^+)$	=	6.4880E+06															
	LOG	=	6.8121121														

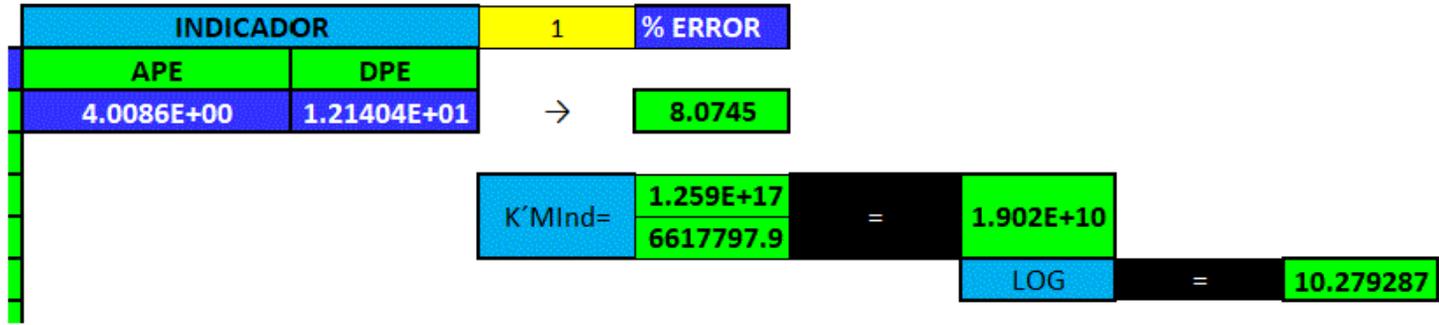
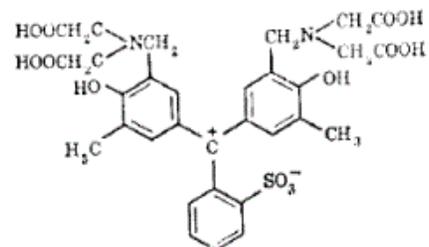


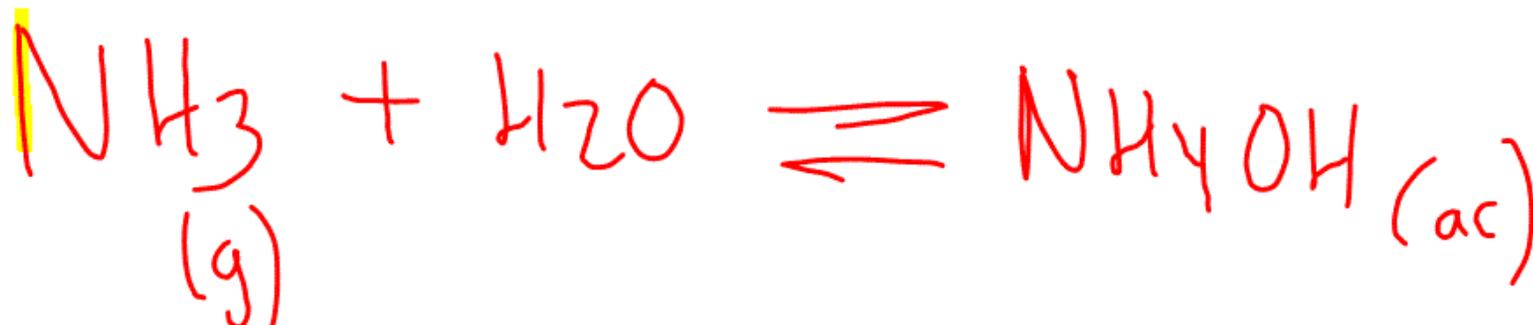
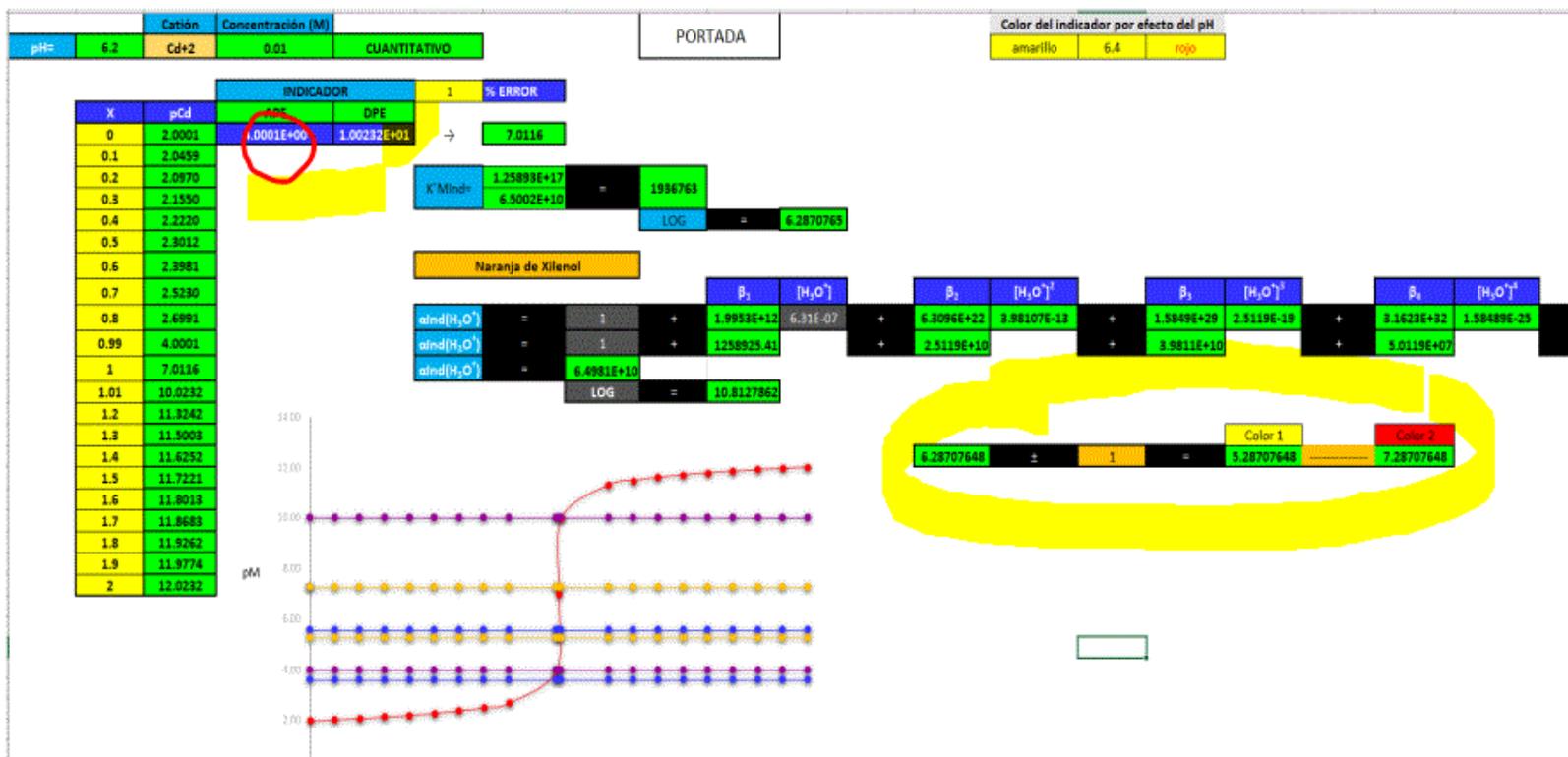
TABLA A.7 (Cont.)

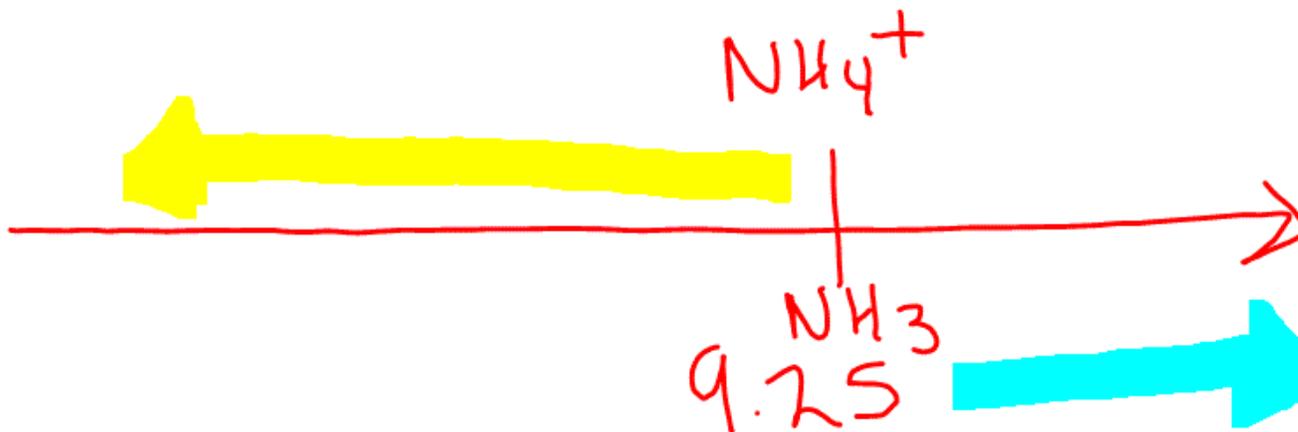
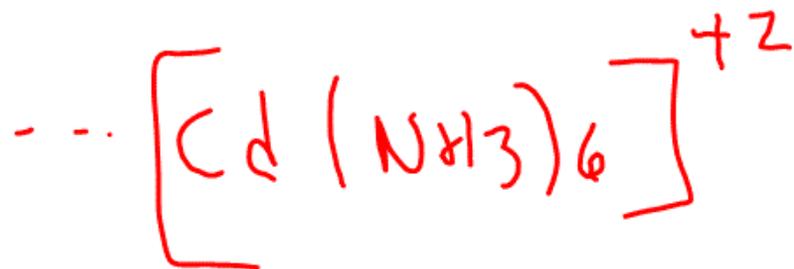
Naranja de xilenol (18)



$pH_{trans}$	Amarillo								6,4	Rojo	
$pH$	0	1,0	2,0	3,0	4,0	4,5	5,0	5,5	6,0	6,5	7,0
$\log \alpha_{I(H)}$	35,0	30,0	25,1	20,7	17,3	15,7	14,2	12,8	11,3	10,0	8,9
$\log \alpha_{HI(H)}$	22,7	18,7	14,8	11,4	9,0	7,9	6,9	6,0	5,0	4,3	3,6
$\log \alpha_{H_2I(H)}$	12,2	9,2	6,3	3,9	2,5	1,9	1,4	1,0	0,5	0,2	
$pBi_{trans}$ a rojo		4	5,4	6,8			4	4,5	5,0	5,5	6,8
$pCd_{trans}$ a rojo								7,4	8,2	9,0	
$pHg_{trans}$ a rojo						4,0	4,5	5,0	5,6	6,7	
$pLa_{trans}$ a rojo				4,2	4,8	6,2	7,0	7,6	8,2		
$pPb_{trans}$ a rojo				6,3							
$pTh_{trans}$ a rojo		3,6	4,9				4,1	4,8	5,7	6,5	8,0
$pZn_{trans}$ a rojo											
$pZr_{trans}$ a rojo	7,5										

Constantes logarítmicas:  $K_{HI}$  12,3;  $K_{H_2I}^H$  10,5;  $K_{H_3I}^H$  6,4;  $K_{H_1I}^H$  3,2;  $K_{H_2I}^H$  2,6 (19). (Los valores que se dan de  $pM_{trans}$  son experimentales: Bi, Cd, Hg, La, Pb, Th, Zn (17); Zn (20))





$$K_F' = \frac{K_F}{\alpha_{Cd(OH)} \alpha_{Cd(SCN)} \alpha_{y(NH_3)}}$$

$$\alpha_{Cd(OH)} =$$

$$\alpha_{Cd(SCN)} =$$

$$\alpha_{Cd(OH, SCN^-)} = \alpha_{Cd(OH)} + \alpha_{Cd(NH_3)} - (n-1)$$

$n = 2$

$$\mathcal{L}_y(H_{30^+})$$

$$C_{d^{+2}} \quad \curvearrowright \quad A_{l^{+3}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_y(A_{l^{+3}}) = \quad \mathcal{L}_y(H_{30^+}) =$$

$$\mathcal{L}_y(H_{30^+}) + \mathcal{L}_y(A_{l^{+3}}) - (Z-1)$$

$$n = 2$$

